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General Assembly
Seventy-first session
Item 109 of the provisional agenda*
Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Security Council
Seventy-first year

Letter dated 13 September 2016 from the Permanent Representative of the Russian Federation to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith the communiqué of the fifteenth Meeting of Heads of Special Services, Security Agencies and Law-Enforcement Organizations, held in St. Petersburg on 27 and 28 July 2016 (see annex).

I should be grateful if you would have this letter and its annex circulated as a document of the General Assembly under agenda item 109, and of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) V. **Churkin**

* A/71/150.

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Annex to the letter dated 13 September 2016 from the Permanent Representative of the Russian Federation to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Communiqué of the fifteenth Meeting of Heads of Special Services, Security Agencies and Law-Enforcement Organizations

On 27 and 28 July 2016, in St. Petersburg (Russian Federation), 100 delegations from 63 States and four international organizations: the United Nations, the Shanghai Cooperation Organization, the Commonwealth of Independent States and the European Union,

Committed to establishing a global coalition against terrorism, with the United Nations in a central coordinating role, on the basis of the norms and principles of international law, including the principles of equality and sovereignty of States and non-interference in their internal affairs,

Reaffirming the high status of the forum as an association of national competent authorities responsible for countering terrorism in their States,

Acknowledging the need for intransigence in combating the terrorist threat and the renunciation of double standards,

Drawing upon national experience in combating manifestations of terrorism,

Considering:

- The threats posed by foreign terrorist fighters returning to their countries of origin from regions with elevated terrorist activity,
- The continuous improvement in the level of terrorist training regarding the use of information and communication technologies, including the Internet, for terrorist purposes,
- The uncontrolled spread of jihadist ideology and radicalization of the population, especially youth,
- The growing trend of terrorist organizations using suicide bombers,
- The ongoing terrorist threats to major international events,
- The strengthening of criminal ties between organized criminal groups and international terrorist organizations,

Unanimously reaffirmed the need:

- To improve effective communication in combating foreign terrorist fighters in the context of implementing Security Council resolution 2178 (2014),
- To enhance the monitoring of national online space and develop a procedure for joint work to freeze terrorist resources online, taking into account the specific legislation of the parties involved,
- To combine efforts in the search for relevant forms of cooperation to counter the radicalization of the population and its involvement in extremist and terrorist activities,
- For a rapid response and the development of joint approaches to tackle the use of suicide bombers by terrorist organizations.

Participants decided:

1. To improve the efficient use of the international counter-terrorism database in order to create a single information space for the intelligence community to monitor foreign terrorist fighters.

2. To continue work on the Joint Prospective Threats Assessment analytical document, as part of collaborative efforts by the intelligence community to track new terrorist threats and develop preventive measures to neutralize them.

3. To use the machinery put in place by the Meeting to communicate real and potential threats, and joint responses to them, when providing security for major international events, including the 2016 Olympic Games in Brazil, the Fédération Internationale de Football Association (FIFA) 2017 Confederations Cup and the FIFA 2018 World Cup in Russia. To continue the activities of the Working Group of Security Intelligence and Law-Enforcement Experts on Major International Events Security.

4. The intelligence community shall participate in the elaboration of norms and rules of behaviour for States in cyberspace, in keeping with the recommendations of General Assembly resolution 70/237 regarding existing and potential threats in the sphere of information security.

5. The sixteenth Meeting of Heads of Special Services, Security Agencies and Law-Enforcement Organizations shall be held in 2017 in the Russian Federation and the drafting of the agenda for that event shall proceed.

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Security Council

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General Assembly
Seventy-first session
Item 41 of the provisional agenda*
Question of Cyprus

Security Council
Seventy-first year

Letter dated 14 September 2016 from the Permanent Representative of Cyprus to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Upon instructions from my Government, I enclose herewith two separate annexes recording the infringements of international air traffic regulations and violations of the national airspace of the Republic of Cyprus by Turkey (see annex I) and the illegal use of closed ports by Turkish warships during the month of August 2016 (see annex II). It should also be noted that Turkish commercial aircraft systematically use the illegal airport of Tympou.

The actions of Turkey are clearly aimed at undermining the sovereignty of the Republic of Cyprus, bolstering the continuing de facto division and upgrading the secessionist entity's status by claiming a purported airspace over the occupied territory of the Republic. Additionally, Turkey continues to systematically harass civilian and military aircraft within the Nicosia flight information region via radio calls. Meanwhile, Nicosia flight information region infringements and violations of the national airspace of the Republic of Cyprus continue unabated. Turkey's policy of persistently breaching international law and defying international rules and regulations puts the safety of international civil aviation at risk, has a negative impact on the stability of the region and causes difficulties for air traffic over Cyprus.

It should further be underlined that the continuation of Turkey's illegal actions creates tension during a critical period for the successful outcome of the ongoing negotiation process for a peaceful comprehensive solution of the Cyprus problem.

On behalf of my Government, I strongly protest against the continuing infringements of international air traffic regulations and the violations of the national airspace and the territorial waters of the Republic of Cyprus by Turkey and appeal for their immediate cessation. The Republic of Cyprus reiterates, in this respect, its call for adherence to the principle of sovereignty and non-interference enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations.

* A/71/150.

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I would be grateful if you would have the present letter and its annexes circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under item 41 of the provisional agenda, and of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Nicholas **Emiliou**

Annex I to the letter dated 14 September 2016 from the Permanent Representative of Cyprus to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Airborne violations

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
5 August	1846-1904	One GLF-5 Turkish military aircraft infringed international air traffic regulations and violated the national airspace of the Republic of Cyprus by entering the Nicosia flight information region (FIR) and the national airspace of the Republic of Cyprus without diplomatic permit and without contacting the Nicosia area control centre (ACC).
8 August	0903-1334	Two Cougar Turkish military helicopters infringed international air traffic regulations and violated the national airspace of the Republic of Cyprus by entering the Nicosia FIR and the national airspace of the Republic of Cyprus without diplomatic permit and without contacting the Nicosia ACC.
9 August	0735-0933	One CN-235 Turkish military aircraft infringed international air traffic regulations by entering the Nicosia FIR without diplomatic permit and without contacting the Nicosia ACC.
13 August	0902-1040	One S-70 Turkish military aircraft infringed international air traffic regulations by entering the Nicosia FIR without diplomatic permit and without contacting the Nicosia ACC.
15 August	0743-0911	One CN-235 Turkish military aircraft infringed international air traffic regulations by entering the Nicosia FIR without diplomatic permit and without contacting the Nicosia ACC.
23 August	0738-0920	One CN-235 Turkish military aircraft infringed international air traffic regulations by entering the Nicosia FIR without diplomatic permit and without contacting the Nicosia ACC.
25 August	0742-0907	One CN-235 Turkish military aircraft infringed international air traffic regulations by entering the Nicosia FIR without diplomatic permit and without contacting the Nicosia ACC.
29 August	0736-0905	One CN-235 Turkish military aircraft infringed international air traffic regulations by entering the Nicosia FIR without diplomatic permit and without contacting the Nicosia ACC.
30 August	2154-2210	One Turkish military aircraft infringed international air traffic regulations and violated the national airspace of the Republic of Cyprus by entering the Nicosia FIR and the national airspace of the Republic of Cyprus without diplomatic permit and without contacting the Nicosia ACC.

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
31 August	0735-0902	One CN-235 Turkish military aircraft infringed international air traffic regulations by entering the Nicosia FIR without diplomatic permit and without contacting the Nicosia ACC.
	1917-1932	One GLF-4 Turkish military aircraft infringed international air traffic regulations by entering the Nicosia FIR without diplomatic permit and without contacting the Nicosia ACC.

Annex II to the letter dated 14 September 2016 from the Permanent Representative of Cyprus to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Naval violations

Date	*Nature of violation*
23 August	One P-334 Turkish missile vessel violated the territorial waters of the Republic of Cyprus and illegally used the closed port of Famagusta while participating in a naval operation of the occupation forces.
23-24 August	One A-1600 Turkish vehicle carrier vessel violated the territorial waters of the Republic of Cyprus and illegally used the closed port of Famagusta.
25-26 August	One P-349 Turkish missile vessel violated the territorial waters of the Republic of Cyprus and illegally used the closed port of Famagusta.

16-16190

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Seventy-first session
Items 13 and 118 of the provisional agenda*

Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

New York Declaration for Refugees and Migrants

Programme budget implications of draft resolution A/71/L.1

Note by the Secretariat

1. The present note is issued in accordance with rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly.

2. Paragraphs 9 and 10 of annex II to draft resolution A/71/L.1 provide that:

(a) The global compact would be elaborated through a process of intergovernmental negotiations, for which preparations will begin immediately. The negotiations, which will begin in early 2017, are to culminate in an intergovernmental conference on international migration in 2018 at which the global compact will be presented for adoption;

(b) As the Third High-level Dialogue on International Migration and Development is to be held in New York no later than 2019, a role should be envisaged for the High-level Dialogue in the process.

3. Pursuant to those paragraphs, it is understood that all issues relating to the intergovernmental negotiations, the conference and the Third High-level Dialogue on International Migration and Development, including the dates, format, organization and scope, are yet to be determined. Accordingly, in the absence of modalities for the meetings, it is not currently possible to estimate the potential cost implications of the requirements for meetings and documentation. Upon a decision on the modalities, format and organization of the meetings, the Secretary-General will submit the relevant costs in accordance with rule 153 of the rules of procedure

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